#### § 55.4

forms, instructions, assistance, or other materials or information relating to the electoral process, including ballots, it shall provide them in the language of the applicable language minority group as well as in \* \* \* English. \* \* \* \*"

## Subpart B—Nature of Coverage

# § 55.4 Effective date; list of covered jurisdictions.

- (a) The minority language provisions of the Voting Rights Act were added by the Voting Rights Act Amendments of 1975, and amended and extended in 1982, 1992, and 2006.
- (1) The requirements of section 4(f)(4) take effect upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER of the requisite determinations of the Director of the Census and the Attorney General. Such determinations are not reviewable in any court. See section 4(b).
- (2) The requirements of section 203(c) take effect upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER of the requisite determinations of the Director of the Census. Such determinations are not reviewable in any court. See section 203(b)(4).
- (b) Jurisdictions determined to be covered under section 4(f)(4) or section 203(c) are listed, together with the language minority group with respect to which coverage was determined, in the appendix to this part. Any additional determinations of coverage under either section 4(f)(4) or section 203(c) will be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

[Order 655–76, 41 FR 29998, July 20, 1976, as amended by Order 1246–87, 53 FR 736, Jan. 12, 1988; Order 3291–2011, 76 FR 54111, Aug. 31, 2011]

### § 55.5 Coverage under section 4(f)(4).

- (a) Coverage formula. Section 4(f)(4) applies to any State or political subdivision in which
- (1) Over five percent of the votingage citizens were, on November 1, 1972, members of a single language minority group.
- (2) Registration and election materials were provided only in English on November 1, 1972, and
- (3) Fewer than 50 percent of the voting-age citizens were registered to vote

or voted in the 1972 Presidential elec-

- All three conditions must be satisfied before coverage exists under section 4(f)(4).
- (b) Coverage may be determined with regard to section 4(f)(4) on a statewide or political subdivision basis.
- (1) Whenever the determination is made that the bilingual requirements of section 4(f)(4) are applicable to an entire State, these requirements apply to each of the State's political subdivisions as well as to the State. In other words, each political subdivision within a covered State is subject to the same requirements as the State.
- (2) Where an entire State is not covered under section 4(f)(4), individual political subdivisions may be covered.

### §55.6 Coverage under section 203(c).

- (a) Coverage formula. There are four ways in which a political subdivision can become subject to section 203(c).<sup>2</sup>
- (1) Political subdivision approach. A political subdivision is covered if—
- (i) More than 5 percent of its voting age citizens are members of a single language minority group and are limited-English proficient; and
- (ii) The illiteracy rate of such language minority citizens in the political subdivision is higher than the national illiteracy rate.
- (2) State approach. A political subdivision is covered if—
- (i) It is located in a state in which more than 5 percent of the voting age citizens are members of a single language minority and are limited-English proficient;
- (ii) The illiteracy rate of such language minority citizens in the state is higher than the national illiteracy rate; and
- (iii) Five percent or more of the voting age citizens of the political subdivision are members of such language minority group and are limited-English proficient.
- (3) Numerical approach. A political subdivision is covered if—

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Coverage is based on sections 4(b) (third sentence), 4(c), and 4(f)(3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The criteria for coverage are contained in section 203(b).